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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/894,114	06/29/2001	William Anders Peterson	13369 (52AY1379)	6262	
759	10/02/2002				
Paul J. Esatto, Jr. Scully, Scott, Murphy & Presser 400 Garden City Plaza Garden City, NY 11530			EXAMINER		
			PEREZ, GUILLERMO		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2834		
			DATE MAILED: 10/02/2002		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

*		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/894,114	PETERSON ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Guillermo Perez	2834			
The MAIL! Period for Reply	ING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with ti	he correspondence address			
- Extensions of time ma after SIX (6) MONTHS - If the period for reply - If NO period for reply - Failure to reply within - Any reply received by	STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. asy be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 S from the mailing date of this communication. specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, the Office later than three months after the mailing lijustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS to	be timely filed days will be considered timely. from the mailing date of this communication.			
	/A to communication(a) filed as					
	re to communication(s) filed on n is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This					
3) Since this	application is in condition for allowar	s action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, fx parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11	, prosecution as to the merits is I, 453 O.G. 213.			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-</u>	13 is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)	is/are allowed.	mom consideration.				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-1</u>						
	is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers		4-11-011-011-01				
	tion is objected to by the Examiner.	•				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant ma	ay not request that any objection to the o	drawing(s) be held in abevance	See 37 CFR 1.85(a)			
is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
	eclaration is objected to by the Exar	niner.				
Priority under 35 U.S.						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
	Some * c) None of:					
1.∐ Certifie	ed copies of the priority documents h	ave been received.				
2. ☐ Certifie	ed copies of the priority documents h	ave been received in Applica	tion No			
Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
14)☐ Acknowledgme	ent is made of a claim for domestic p	riority under 35 U.S.C & 119	(e) (to a provisional application)			
a) 🔛 The trans	slation of the foreign language provisent is made of a claim for domestic p	ional application has been a	e a firm of			
Notice of References C Notice of Draftsperson' Information Disclosure	Cited (PTO-892) 's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>2</u> .	4) Interview Summal 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	ry (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)			
O-326 (Rev. 04-01)	Office Action	Summary	Part of Paner No. 2			

Art Unit: 2834

Page 2

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

Claim Objections

Claim 12 is objected to because of the following informalities: the term "inpregnant" should read ---impregnant---. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
 - 1. Claims 1, 7-9, 11, 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over G. Forbes (U. S. Pat. 518,946).

Art Unit: 2834

G. Forbes substantially teaches the claimed invention except that it does not show that there is a plurality of the field windings in each slot. G. Forbes does not disclose that the outer jacket is a flexible elastomer.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide a plurality of the field windings in each of the slots since it has been held that the mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art. *St Regis Paper Co. v. Bemis Co.*, 193 USPQ 8.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use flexible elastomer since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416.

- Claims 2-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over G. Forbes in view of Washizu et al. (U. S. Pat. 4,227,108).
- G. Forbes substantially teaches the claimed invention except that it does not show that the housing and the stator define first and second plenums at first and second ends of the stator.

Washizu et al. disclose that the housing (18) and the stator (10) define first and second plenums (26) at first and second ends of the stator (10). The invention of Washizu et al. has the purpose of providing a connection portion between the external fluid conduits and the internal fluid conduits.

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to modify the machine of G. Forbes and provide it with the stator and rotor configuration disclosed by

Art Unit: 2834

Washizu et al. for the purpose of providing a connection portion between the external fluid conduits and the internal fluid conduits.

- Claims 10 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over G. Forbes in view of B. Broniewski et al. (U. S. Pat. 3,287,580).
- G. Forbes substantially teaches the claimed invention except that it does not show that the winding wires form helical shaped longitudinal passages. G. Forbes does not disclose the use of an impregnant disposed in the slots to seal the spaces between adjacent outer jackets and between the outer jackets and walls of the slots.
- B. Broniewski et al. disclose that the winding wires (1) form helical shaped longitudinal passages (column 2, lines 2-9). B. Broniewski et al. disclose the use of an impregnant disposed in the slots to seal the spaces between adjacent outer jackets and between the outer jackets and walls of the slots (column 2, lines 2-9). The invention of B. Broniewski et al. has the purpose of decreasing the overall electrical losses due to the currents in the winding as a whole.

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to modify the machine of G. Forbes and provide it with the passages shape and impregnant disclosed by B. Broniewski et al. for the purpose of decreasing the overall electrical losses due to the currents in the winding as a whole.

Art Unit: 2834

Page 5

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Refer to the Notice of References Cited for further references showing the invention.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Guillermo Perez whose telephone number is (703) 306-5443. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday and alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nestor Ramirez can be reached on (703) 308 1371. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 305 3432 for regular communications and (703) 305 3432 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308 0956.

Guillermo Perez September 30, 2002 MESTOR RAMIREZ SUPSTYURO'N PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2000